



# Constitution of Cider Australia Incorporated

This constitution of Cider Australia Incorporated forms the structure within which the association operates.

It is made under the *Associations Incorporation Act 2009* (NSW).

It is adapted from the model constitution prepared by NSW Fair Trading (© State of New South Wales through NSW Fair Trading)

This constitution was originally submitted to NSW Fair Trading at the time of application for incorporation on 2 July 2012. This version incorporates amendments agreed by Special Resolution at the Annual General Meetings of Cider Australia held on 14 May 2015 and 3 June 2019.

## Cider Australia Incorporated – Aims and Objectives

The aim of the Association is to build a sustainable cider category through maintaining and improving the quality of ciders produced and marketed in Australia.

The objects of the Association are:

- (a) to represent the interests of Australian cider makers on national and international issues affecting the cider industry through a single organisation
- (b) to encourage professional and technical development, information sharing and benchmarking within the cider industry in Australia
- (c) to actively promote the cider industry and create marketing opportunities and strategies to assist producers to grow their businesses
- (d) to provide a central point of contact for the cider industry and foster intra-industry discussion and action
- (e) to facilitate policy development and present the common views of the industry to government and other bodies
- (f) to educate consumers about cider and perry production and responsible consumption
- (g) to provide relevant information to Members

Broadly the following applies:

Cider is a drink produced by the fermentation of apple juice.

Perry is a drink produced by the fermentation of pear juice. Perry is often by common usage known as “pear cider”.

Cider Australia will develop the concept of “real” cider by raising awareness of what cider *is not*, and what additives should and should not be permitted in cider and perry production

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## Part 1 - Preliminary

### 1. Definitions

(1) In this constitution:

**cider sales** means annual branded sales in litres of cider by a producer to a distributor, retailer, wholesaler, customer or to the general public, excluding sales to other producers.

**Director-General** means the Director-General of the Department of Services, Technology and Administration.

**ordinary committee member** means a member of the committee who is not an office-bearer of the association.

**secretary** means:

- (a) the person holding office under this constitution as secretary of the association, or
- (b) if no such person holds that office - the public officer of the association.

**special general meeting** means a general meeting of the association other than an annual general meeting.

**the Act** means the *Associations Incorporation Act 2009*.

**the Regulation** means the *Associations Incorporation Regulation 2016*.

(2) In this constitution:

- (a) a reference to a function includes a reference to a power, authority and duty, and
- (b) a reference to the exercise of a function includes, if the function is a duty, a reference to the performance of the duty.

(3) The provisions of the *Interpretation Act 1987* apply to and in respect of this constitution in the same manner as those provisions would so apply if this constitution were an instrument made under the Act.

## Part 2 - Membership

### 2. Membership generally

- (1) A person is eligible to be a member of the association if:
  - (a) the person is a natural person or a legal person, and
  - (b) the person has been nominated and approved for membership of the association in accordance with clause 3.
- (2) A person is taken to be a member of the association if:
  - (a) the person is a natural person or a legal person, and
  - (b) the person was:
    - (i) in the case of an unincorporated body that is registered as the association - a member of that unincorporated body immediately before the registration of the association, or
    - (ii) in the case of an association that is amalgamated to form the relevant association - a member of that other association immediately before the amalgamation, or
    - (iii) in the case of a registrable corporation that is registered as an association - a member of the registrable corporation immediately before that entity was registered as an association.
- (3) A person is taken to be a member of the association if the person was one of the individuals on whose behalf an application for registration of the association under section 6 (1) (a) of the Act was made.

### 2A. Categories of membership

- (1) The membership may be comprised of:
  - (i) Full Member means an individual, company, partnership or other business that produces cider and/or perry, including contract producers. Membership requires payment of an Annual fee and entitles each membership to a single vote. Such memberships are deemed to be represented by the person nominated by the membership holder.
  - (ii) Associate Member means an individual, company, partnership or other business that is a supplier or otherwise connected to the Australian cider industry, or is a member of the Australian media. Membership requires payment of an Annual fee. Such memberships are deemed to be represented by the person nominated by the membership holder. Associate Members do not have voting rights.
  - (iii) Individual Member means an individual (being a singular person) who is interested in cider and is considered by the executive or committee to be able to make a contribution to the association. Individual members are appointed by the executive or committee and may serve as office-bearers. Individual Members do not have voting rights.

or any other category of membership as determined by the executive or committee from time to time.

- (2) There are six subcategories of Full Membership:
- (i) **Nano producer** being a cider producer with cider sales of up to 9,999 litres in the most recent calendar year ending 31 December.
  - (ii) **Micro producer** being a cider producer with cider sales of between 10,000 and 49,999 litres in the most recent calendar year ending 31 December.
  - (iii) **Local producer** being a cider producer with cider sales of between 50,000 and 249,999 litres in the most recent calendar year ending 31 December.
  - (iv) **Regional producer** being a cider producer with cider sales of between 250,000 and 499,999 litres in the most recent calendar year ending 31 December.
  - (v) **State producer** being a cider producer with cider sales of between 500,000 and 999,999 litres in the most recent calendar year ending 31 December.
  - (vi) **Large producer** being a cider producer with cider sales of between 1,000,000 and 4,999,999 litres in the most recent calendar year ending 31 December.
  - (vii) **National producer** being a cider producer with cider sales of over 5,000,000 litres in the most recent calendar year ending 31 December.
  - (viii) **Contract producer** being a cider producer that sells all cider produced to other producers (i.e. branded cider sales are zero).

### 3. Nomination for membership

- (1) The nomination of a person or business for full or associate membership of the association, or of a person for individual membership:
- (a) for full or associate membership: must be made by a member of the association in writing containing the information set out in Appendix 1 to this constitution, and
  - (b) or for individual membership: must be made by a member of the association in writing containing the information set out in Appendix 2 to this constitution, and
  - (c) must be lodged with the secretary of the association.
- (2) As soon as practicable after receiving a nomination for membership, the secretary must refer the nomination to the committee which is to determine whether to approve or to reject the nomination.
- (2A) The committee may transfer an application for membership, with the applicant's consent, from one category to another category of membership.
- (3) As soon as practicable after the committee makes that determination, the secretary must:
- (a) notify the nominee, in writing, that the committee approved or rejected the nomination (whichever is applicable), and

- (b) if the committee approved the nomination, request the nominee to pay (within the period of 28 days after receipt by the nominee of the notification) the sum payable under this constitution by a member as entrance fee and annual subscription.
- (4) The secretary must, on payment by the nominee of the amounts referred to in subclause (3) (b) within the period referred to in that provision, enter or cause to be entered the nominee's name in the register of members and, on the name being so entered, the nominee becomes a member of the association.

#### 4. Cessation of membership

- (1) A person ceases to be a member of the association if the person:
- (a) dies, or
  - (b) resigns membership, or
  - (c) is expelled from the association, or
  - (d) fails to pay the annual membership fee under clause 8 (2) within 6 months after the fee is due, or
  - (e) fails to respond to messages forwarded to their nominated postal, residential or email address within 3 months from the date of the original email notification, or fails to respond to messages forwarded within 3 months from the third attempt when involving a committee member.
- (2) A business ceases to be a member of the association if the business:
- (a) is dissolved or otherwise ceases to exist, or
  - (b) has a liquidator or provisional liquidator appointed to it, or
  - (c) becomes insolvent, or
  - (d) fails to pay the annual membership fee under clause 8 (2) within 6 months after the fee is due, or
  - (e) fails to respond to messages forwarded to the its nominated postal, residential or email address within 3 months from the date of the original email notification, or fails to respond to messages forwarded within 3 months from the third attempt when involving a committee member.

#### 5. Transference of membership

A right, privilege or obligation which a person has by reason of being a member of the association:

- (a) is only transferable where a business holder of full or associate membership (Clause 2A (1) (i) & (ii)) changes the nominated person
- (b) terminates on cessation of the person's membership.



## 6. Resignation of membership

- (1) A member of the association who is not on the committee may resign from membership of the association with immediate effect or from a specific date not more than 3 months after notification by giving to the secretary written notice. Committee members must give 3 months' notice of their intention to resign as a member and, on the expiration of the period of notice, the member ceases to be a member.
- (2) If a member of the association ceases to be a member under subclause (1), and in every other case where a member ceases to hold membership, the secretary must make an appropriate entry in the register of members recording the date on which the member ceased to be a member.

## 7. Register of members

- (1) The public officer of the association must establish and maintain two distinct registers of members of the association specifying the name and postal, residential or email address of each person who is a member of the association together with the date on which the person became a member. One register is to record the details for full (ie voting) members and the other to record the details of associate (ie non-voting) members.
- (2) The register of members must be kept in New South Wales:
  - (a) at the main premises of the association, or
  - (b) if the association has no premises, at the association's official address.
- (3) The register of members must be open for inspection, free of charge, by any member of the association at any reasonable hour.
- (4) A member of the association may obtain a copy of any part of the register on payment of a fee of not more than \$1 for each page copied.
- (5) If a member requests that any information contained on the register about the member (other than the member's name) not be available for inspection, that information must not be made available for inspection.
- (6) A member must not use information about a person obtained from the register to contact or send material to the person, other than for:
  - (a) the purposes of sending the person a newsletter, a notice in respect of a meeting or other event relating to the association or other material relating to the association, or
  - (b) any other purpose necessary to comply with a requirement of the Act or the Regulation.
  - (c) specifically precluded is sending commercial or other material unless such material is incorporated in a newsletter or other association correspondence.
- (7) Cider Australia may publish details of Full Members and Associate Members on its website including business name/cider brand, geographic location, Membership category, contact details and website/facebook/twitter links.

## 8. Fees and subscriptions

- (1) Full and Associate members of the association must, on admission to membership, pay to the association a fee based on a 12 month year from July-June. The joining fee at other times will be pro-rated. The annual fee applying to different categories and subcategories is set out in the following table:

Category	Subcategory	Annual production (litres)	Fee (\$) excluding GST
Full	Nano	0-9,999	250
	Micro	10,000 - 49,000	350
	Local	50,000 - 249,999	800
	Regional	250,000 - 499,999	1,600
	State	500,000 - 999,999	2,200
	Large	1,000,000 - 4,999,999	3,500
	National	Above 5,000,000	10,000
	Contract	n/a	350
Associate	n/a	n/a	350
Individual	n/a	n/a	n/a

- (2) In addition to any amount payable by a member under subclause (1), Full and Associate members of the association must pay to the association an annual membership fee in accordance with the annual fee table under subclause (1) or, if some other amount is determined by the committee, that other amount:
- (a) except as provided by paragraph (b), before 1 July in each calendar year, or
  - (b) if the member becomes a member on or after 1 July in any calendar year - on becoming a member and before 1 July in each succeeding calendar year.
- (3) Individual members appointed under clause 2A (iii) are not required to pay a fee or subscription

## 9. Members' liabilities

The liability of a member of the association to contribute towards the payment of the debts and liabilities of the association or the costs, charges and expenses of the winding up of the association is limited to the amount, if any, unpaid by the member in respect of membership of the association as required by clause 8, and any invoices issued in respect of Australian Cider Awards entries or Australian Cider Festival or other event participation fees.

## 10. Resolution of disputes

- (1) A dispute between a member and another member (in their capacity as members) of the association, or a dispute between a member or members and the association, are to be referred to a community justice centre for mediation under the *Community Justice Centres Act 1983*.
- (2) If a dispute is not resolved by mediation within 3 months of the referral to a community justice centre, the dispute is to be referred to arbitration.
- (3) The *Commercial Arbitration Act 1984* applies to any such dispute referred to arbitration.

## 11. Disciplining of members

- (1) A complaint may be made to the committee by any person that a member of the association:
  - (a) has refused or neglected to comply with a provision or provisions of this constitution, or
  - (b) has wilfully acted in a manner prejudicial to the interests of the association.
- (2) The committee may refuse to deal with a complaint if it considers the complaint to be trivial or vexatious in nature.
- (3) If the committee decides to deal with the complaint, the committee:
  - (a) must cause notice of the complaint to be served on the member concerned, and
  - (b) must give the member at least 14 days from the time the notice is served within which to make submissions to the committee in connection with the complaint, and
  - (c) must take into consideration any submissions made by the member in connection with the complaint.
- (4) The committee may, by resolution, expel the member from the association or suspend the member from membership of the association if, after considering the complaint and any submissions made in connection with the complaint, it is satisfied that the facts alleged in the complaint have been proved and the expulsion or suspension is warranted in the circumstances.
- (5) If the committee expels or suspends a member, the secretary must, within 7 days after the action is taken, cause written notice to be given to the member of the action taken, of the reasons given by the committee for having taken that action and of the member's right of appeal under clause 12.
- (6) The expulsion or suspension does not take effect:
  - (a) until the expiration of the period within which the member is entitled to appeal against the resolution concerned, or
  - (b) if within that period the member exercises the right of appeal, unless and until the association confirms the resolution under clause 12, whichever is the later.

## 12. Right of appeal of disciplined member

- (1) A member may appeal to the association in general meeting against a resolution of the committee under clause 11, within 7 days after notice of the resolution is served on the member, by lodging with the secretary a notice to that effect.
- (2) The notice may, but need not, be accompanied by a statement of the grounds on which the member intends to rely for the purposes of the appeal.
- (3) On receipt of a notice from a member under subclause (1), the secretary must notify the committee which is to convene a general meeting of the association to be held within 28 days after the date on which the secretary received the notice.
- (4) At a general meeting of the association convened under subclause (3):
  - (a) no business other than the question of the appeal is to be transacted, and
  - (b) the committee and the member must be given the opportunity to state their respective cases orally or in writing, or both, and
  - (c) the members present are to vote by secret ballot on the question of whether the resolution should be confirmed or revoked.
- (5) The appeal is to be determined by a simple majority of votes cast by members of the association.

## Part 3 - The committee

### 13. Powers of the committee

Subject to the Act, the Regulation and this constitution and to any resolution passed by the association in general meeting, the committee:

- (a) is to control and manage the affairs of the association, and
- (b) may exercise all such functions as may be exercised by the association, other than those functions that are required by this constitution to be exercised by a general meeting of members of the association, and
- (c) has power to perform all such acts and do all such things as appear to the committee to be necessary or desirable for the proper management of the affairs of the association.

### 14. Composition and membership of committee

- (1) The committee is to consist of:
  - (a) the office-bearers of the association, and
  - (b) at least 3 ordinary committee members, each of whom is to be elected at the annual general meeting of the association under clause 15.
- (2) The total number of committee members is to be as determined by the annual general meeting.
- (3) The office-bearers of the association are as follows:
  - (a) the president,
  - (b) the vice-president(s),
  - (c) the treasurer,
  - (d) the secretary,
  - (e) the category development manager, and
  - (f) the digital & website manager.
- (4) A committee member may hold up to 2 offices (other than both the president and a vice-presidential office).
- (5) Each member of the committee is, subject to this constitution, to hold office until the conclusion of the annual general meeting following the date of the member's election, but is eligible for re-election.

## 15. Election of committee members

- (1) Nominations of candidates for election as office-bearers of the association or as ordinary committee members:
  - (a) must be made in writing, endorsed by 2 members of the association and accompanied by the written consent of the candidate (which may be endorsed on the form of the nomination), and
  - (b) must be delivered to the secretary of the association at least 28 days before the date fixed for the holding of the annual general meeting at which the election is to take place.
- (2) If insufficient nominations are received to fill all vacancies on the committee, the candidates nominated are taken to be elected and further nominations are to be received at the annual general meeting.
- (3) If insufficient further nominations are received, any vacant positions remaining on the committee are taken to be casual vacancies.
- (4) If the number of nominations received is equal to the number of vacancies to be filled, the persons nominated are taken to be elected.
- (5) If the number of nominations received exceeds the number of vacancies to be filled, a ballot is to be held.
- (6) The ballot for the election of office-bearers and ordinary committee members of the committee is to be conducted at the annual general meeting in such usual and proper manner as the committee may direct.
- (7) A person nominated as a candidate for election as an office-bearer or as an ordinary committee member of the association must be a member of the association.

## 16. Secretary

- (1) The secretary of the association must, as soon as practicable after being appointed as secretary, lodge notice with the association of his or her address.
- (2) It is the duty of the secretary to keep minutes of:
  - (a) all appointments of office-bearers and members of the committee, and
  - (b) the names of members of the committee present at a committee meeting or a general meeting, and
  - (c) all proceedings at committee meetings and general meetings.
- (3) Minutes of proceedings at a meeting must be signed by the chairperson of the meeting or by the chairperson of the next succeeding meeting.

## 17. Treasurer

It is the duty of the treasurer of the association to ensure:

- (a) that all money due to the association is collected and received and that all payments authorised by the association are made, and
- (b) that correct books and accounts are kept showing the financial affairs of the association, including full details of all receipts and expenditure connected with the activities of the association.

## 18. Casual vacancies

- (1) In the event of a casual vacancy occurring in the membership of the committee, the committee may appoint a member of the association to fill the vacancy and the member so appointed is to hold office, subject to this constitution, until the conclusion of the annual general meeting next following the date of the appointment.
- (2) A casual vacancy in the office of a member of the committee occurs if the member:
  - (a) dies, or
  - (b) ceases to be a member of the association, or
  - (c) becomes an insolvent under administration within the meaning of the *Corporations Act 2001* of the Commonwealth, or
  - (d) resigns office by notice in writing given to the secretary, or
  - (e) is removed from office under clause 19, or
  - (f) becomes a mentally incapacitated person, or
  - (g) is absent without the consent of the committee from 3 consecutive meetings of the committee, or
  - (h) is convicted of an offence involving fraud or dishonesty for which the maximum penalty on conviction is imprisonment for not less than 3 months, or
  - (i) is prohibited from being a director of a company under Part 2D.6 (Disqualification from managing corporations) of the *Corporations Act 2001* of the Commonwealth.
  - (j) fails to pay the annual fee as per Cessation of Membership clause 4 (d)
  - (k) is not able to be contacted as per Cessation of Membership clause 4 (e)

## 19. Removal of committee members

- (1) The association in general meeting may by resolution remove any member of the committee from the office of member before the expiration of the member's term of office and may by resolution appoint another person to hold office until the expiration of the term of office of the member so removed.

- (2) If a member of the committee to whom a proposed resolution referred to in subclause (1) relates makes representations in writing to the secretary or president (not exceeding a reasonable length) and requests that the representations be notified to the members of the association, the secretary or the president may send a copy of the representations to each member of the association or, if the representations are not so sent, the member is entitled to require that the representations be read out at the meeting at which the resolution is considered.

## 20. Committee meetings and quorum

- (1) The committee must meet at least twice in each period of 12 months at such place and time, and in such manner as the committee may determine. The meeting may be called or held using any technology consented to by all office-bearers. The consent may be a standing one.
- (2) Additional meetings of the committee may be convened by the president or by any member of the committee.
- (3) Oral or written notice of a meeting of the committee must be given by the secretary to each member of the committee at least 7 days (or such other period as may be unanimously agreed on by the members of the committee) before the time appointed for the holding of the meeting.
- (4) Notice of a meeting given under subclause (3) must specify the general nature of the business to be transacted at the meeting and no business other than that business is to be transacted at the meeting, except business which the committee members present at the meeting unanimously agree to treat as urgent business.
- (5) Any 3 members of the committee constitute a quorum for the transaction of the business of a meeting of the committee.
- (6) No business is to be transacted by the committee unless a quorum is present and if, within half an hour of the time appointed for the meeting, a quorum is not present, the meeting is to be dissolved. In this situation a new date and time is to be arranged and notified as per clause (3).
- (7) At a meeting of the committee:
  - (a) the president or, in the president's absence, the vice-president is to preside, or
  - (b) if the president and the vice-president are absent or unwilling to act, such one of the remaining members of the committee as may be chosen by the members present at the meeting is to preside.

## 21. Delegation by committee to sub-committee

- (1) The committee may, by instrument in writing, delegate to one or more sub-committees (consisting of such member or members of the association as the committee thinks fit) the exercise of such of the functions of the committee as are specified in the instrument, other than:
  - (a) this power of delegation, and
  - (b) a function which is a duty imposed on the committee by the Act or by any other law.



- (2) A function the exercise of which has been delegated to a sub-committee under this clause may, while the delegation remains unrevoked, be exercised from time to time by the sub-committee in accordance with the terms of the delegation.
- (3) A delegation under this clause may be made subject to such conditions or limitations as to the exercise of any function, or as to time or circumstances, as may be specified in the instrument of delegation.
- (4) Despite any delegation under this clause, the committee may continue to exercise any function delegated.
- (5) Any act or thing done or suffered by a sub-committee acting in the exercise of a delegation under this clause has the same force and effect as it would have if it had been done or suffered by the committee.
- (6) The committee may, by instrument in writing, revoke wholly or in part any delegation under this clause.
- (7) A sub-committee may meet and adjourn as it thinks proper.

## 22. Voting and decisions

- (1) Questions arising at a meeting of the committee or of any sub-committee appointed by the committee are to be determined by a majority of the votes of members of the committee or sub-committee present at the meeting.
- (2) Each member present at a meeting of the committee or of any sub-committee appointed by the committee (including the person presiding at the meeting) is entitled to one vote but, in the event of an equality of votes on any question, the person presiding may exercise a second or casting vote.
- (3) Subject to clause 20 (5), the committee may act despite any vacancy on the committee.
- (4) Any act or thing done or suffered, or purporting to have been done or suffered, by the committee or by a sub-committee appointed by the committee, is valid and effectual despite any defect that may afterwards be discovered in the appointment or qualification of any member of the committee or sub-committee.

## Part 4 - General meetings

### 23. Annual general meetings - holding of

- (1) The association must hold its first annual general meeting within 18 months after its registration under the Act.
- (2) The association must hold its annual general meetings:
  - (a) within 6 months after the close of the association's financial year, or
  - (b) within such later time as may be allowed by the Director-General or prescribed by the Regulation.

### 24. Annual general meetings - calling of and business at

- (1) The annual general meeting of the association is, subject to the Act and to clause 23, to be convened on such date and at such place and time as the committee thinks fit.
- (2) In addition to any other business which may be transacted at an annual general meeting, the business of an annual general meeting is to include the following:
  - (a) to confirm the minutes of the last preceding annual general meeting and of any special general meeting held since that meeting,
  - (b) to receive from the committee reports on the activities of the association during the last preceding financial year,
  - (c) to elect office-bearers of the association and ordinary committee members,
  - (d) to receive and consider any financial statement or report required to be submitted to members under the Act.
- (3) An annual general meeting must be specified as such in the notice convening it.

### 25. Special general meetings - calling of

- (1) The committee may, whenever it thinks fit, convene a special general meeting of the association.
- (2) The committee must, on the requisition in writing of at least 5 per cent of the total number of members, convene a special general meeting of the association.
- (3) A requisition of members for a special general meeting:
  - (a) must state the purpose or purposes of the meeting, and
  - (b) must be signed by the members making the requisition, and
  - (c) must be lodged with the secretary, and
  - (d) may consist of several documents in a similar form, each signed by one or more of the members making the requisition.
- (4) If the committee fails to convene a special general meeting to be held within 1 month

after that date on which a requisition of members for the meeting is lodged with the secretary, any one or more of the members who made the requisition may convene a special general meeting to be held not later than 3 months after that date.

- (5) A special general meeting convened by a member or members as referred to in subclause (4) must be convened as nearly as is practicable in the same manner as general meetings are convened by the committee.

## 26. Notice

- (1) Except if the nature of the business proposed to be dealt with at a general meeting requires a special resolution of the association, the secretary must, at least 28 days before the date fixed for the holding of the general meeting, give a notice to each member specifying the place, date and time of the meeting and the nature of the business proposed to be transacted at the meeting.
- (2) If the nature of the business proposed to be dealt with at a general meeting requires a special resolution of the association, the secretary must, at least 21 days before the date fixed for the holding of the general meeting, cause notice to be given to each member specifying, in addition to the matter required under subclause (1), the intention to propose the resolution as a special resolution.
- (3) No business other than that specified in the notice convening a general meeting is to be transacted at the meeting except, in the case of an annual general meeting, business which may be transacted under clause 24 (2).
- (4) A member desiring to bring any business before a general meeting may give notice in writing of that business to the secretary who must include that business in the next notice calling a general meeting given after receipt of the notice from the member.

## 27. Quorum for general meetings

- (1) No item of business is to be transacted at a general meeting unless a quorum of members entitled under this constitution to vote is present during the time the meeting is considering that item.
- (2) Five members present (being members entitled under this constitution to vote at a general meeting) constitute a quorum for the transaction of the business of a general meeting.
- (3) If within half an hour after the appointed time for the commencement of a general meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting:
  - (a) if convened on the requisition of members, is to be dissolved, and
  - (b) in other cases a new date and time is to be arranged for the adjourned meeting and notified as per Notice 26 (1)
- (4) If at the adjourned meeting a quorum is not present within half an hour after the time appointed for the commencement of the meeting, the members present (being at least 3) are to constitute a quorum.

## 28. Presiding member

- (1) The president or, in the president's absence, the vice-president, is to preside as chairperson at each general meeting of the association.
- (2) If the president and the vice-president are absent or unwilling to act, the members present must elect one of their number to preside as chairperson at the meeting.

## 29. Adjournment

- (1) The chairperson of a general meeting at which a quorum is present may, with the consent of the majority of members present at the meeting, adjourn the meeting from time to time and place to place, but no business is to be transacted at an adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting at which the adjournment took place.
- (2) If a general meeting is adjourned for 14 days or more, the secretary must give written or oral notice of the adjourned meeting to each member of the association stating the place, date and time of the meeting and the nature of the business to be transacted at the meeting.
- (3) Except as provided in subclauses (1) and (2), notice of an adjournment of a general meeting or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting is not required to be given.

## 30. Making of decisions

- (1) A question arising at a general meeting of the association is to be determined by either:
  - (a) a show of hands, or
  - (b) if on the motion of the chairperson or if 5 or more members present at the meeting decide that the question should be determined by a written ballot—a written ballot.
- (2) If the question is to be determined by a show of hands, a declaration by the chairperson that a resolution has, on a show of hands, been carried or carried unanimously or carried by a particular majority or lost, or an entry to that effect in the minute book of the association, is evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against that resolution.
- (3) If the question is to be determined by a written ballot, the ballot is to be conducted in accordance with the directions of the chairperson.
- (4) If a member cannot attend a meeting to vote on a motion, a postal vote may be requested by the member through the secretary and returned via post (not electronically) no less than 7 days before the meeting.

## 31. Special resolutions

A special resolution may only be passed by the association in accordance with section 39 of the Act.

## 32. Voting

- (1) On any question arising at a general meeting of the association full members have one

vote only. Associate and individual members have no right to a vote.

- (2) In the case of an equality of votes on a question at a general meeting, the chairperson of the meeting is entitled to exercise a second or casting vote.
- (3) A full member is not entitled to vote at any general meeting of the association unless all money due and payable by the member to the association has been paid.
- (4) A full member is not entitled to vote at any general meeting of the association if the member is under 18 years of age.

### 33. Proxy voting

Subject to this constitution, each voting member entitled to vote at a general meeting may attend and vote at that meeting

- (a) in person or, for a business, by a representative
- (b) by proxy.

A proxy or representative may, but need not be, a Member.

### 33A. Authentication of representatives and proxy appointments

The appointment of a representative or proxy for a general meeting must be authenticated by the Member at the request of the committee, in any manner approved by the committee

### 34. Postal Ballots

- (1) The association may hold a postal or email ballot to determine any issue or proposal (other than an appeal under clause 12).
- (2) A postal ballot is to be conducted in accordance with Schedule 3 to the Regulation.

## Part 5 - Miscellaneous

### 35. Insurance

The association may effect and maintain insurance.

### 36. Funds - source

- (1) The funds of the association are to be derived from entrance fees and annual subscriptions of members, donations, sponsorships and, subject to any resolution passed by the association in general meeting, such other sources as the committee determines.
- (2) All money received by the association must be deposited as soon as practicable and without deduction to the credit of the association's bank or other authorised deposit-taking institution account.
- (3) The association must, as soon as practicable after receiving any money, issue an appropriate receipt.

### 37. Funds - management

- (1) Subject to any resolution passed by the association in general meeting, the funds of the association are to be used in pursuance of the objects of the association in such manner as the committee determines.
- (2) Cheques, drafts, bills of exchange, promissory notes and other negotiable instruments of a value above \$200 require only one authorised signatory, provided that written approval has been obtained from one other committee member. Below this amount one authorised signatory only is required. All payments must be signed off annually by the executive.

### 38. Association is non-profit

Subject to the Act and the Regulation, the association must apply its funds and assets solely in pursuance of the objects of the association and must not conduct its affairs so as to provide a pecuniary gain for any of its members.

**Note.** Section 5 of the Act defines pecuniary gain for the purpose of this clause.

### 39. Distribution of property on winding up of association

- (1) Subject to the Act and the Regulations, in a winding up of the association, any surplus property of the association is to be transferred to another organisation with similar objects and which is not carried on for the profit or gain of its individual members.
- (2) In this clause, a reference to the surplus property of an association is a reference to that property of the association remaining after satisfaction of the debts and liabilities of the association and the costs, charges and expenses of the winding up of the association.

**Note.** Section 65 of the Act provides for distribution of surplus property on the winding up of an association.

#### 40. Change of name, objects and constitution

An application to the Director-General for registration of a change in the association's name, objects or constitution in accordance with section 10 of the Act is to be made by the public officer or a committee member.

#### 41. Custody of books etc

Except as otherwise provided by this constitution, the public officer must keep in his or her custody or under his or her control all records, books and other documents relating to the association.

#### 42. Inspection of books etc

- (1) The following documents must be open to inspection, free of charge, by a member of the association at any reasonable hour:
  - (a) records, books and other financial documents of the association,
  - (b) this constitution,
  - (c) minutes of all committee meetings and general meetings of the association.
- (2) A member of the association may obtain a copy of any of the documents referred to in subclause (1) on payment of a fee of not more than \$1 for each page copied.

#### 43. Service of notices

- (1) For the purpose of this constitution, a notice may be served on or given to a person:
  - (a) by delivering it to the person personally, or
  - (b) by sending it by pre-paid post to the address of the person, or
  - (c) by sending it by email, facsimile transmission or some other form of electronic transmission to an address specified by the person for giving or serving the notice.
- (2) For the purpose of this constitution, a notice is taken, unless the contrary is proved, to have been given or served:
  - (a) in the case of a notice given or served personally, on the date on which it is received by the addressee, and
  - (b) in the case of a notice sent by pre-paid post, on the date when it would have been delivered in the ordinary course of post, and
  - (c) in the case of a notice sent by email, facsimile transmission or some other form of electronic transmission, on the date it was sent or, if the machine from which the transmission was sent produces a report indicating that the notice was sent on a later date, on that date.

#### 44. Financial year

The financial year of the association is:

- (a) the period of time commencing on the date of incorporation of the association and Constitution of Cider Australia Incorporated as at 15 May 2015

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ending on the following 30 June, and

(b) each period of 12 months after the expiration of the previous financial year of the association, commencing on 1 July and ending on the following 30 June up until 30 June 2014, and

(c) thereafter each period of 12 months from 1 January to 31 December, commencing 1 January 2014.

*Note: Schedule 1 of the Act provides that an association's constitution is to address the association's financial year.*





## Appendix 1

### Application for Full Membership

Business name: .....  
 Cider brand: .....  
 Primary contact: .....  
 Email: .....  
 ACN/ABN: .....  
 Postal address: .....  
 Telephone: ..... Mobile: .....  
 Location of cidery (if applicable): .....

#### Membership level

<i>Please tick</i>	<i>Producer tier</i>	<i>Annual sales (to 31 Dec)</i>	<i>Annual fee</i>
	<i>nano</i>	<i>up to 9,999 L</i>	<i>\$250</i>
	<i>micro</i>	<i>10,000 to 49,999 L</i>	<i>\$350</i>
	<i>local</i>	<i>50,000-249,999 L</i>	<i>\$800</i>
	<i>regional</i>	<i>250,000-499,999 L</i>	<i>\$1,600</i>
	<i>state</i>	<i>500,000-999,999 L</i>	<i>\$2,200</i>
	<i>large</i>	<i>1,000,000-4,999,999 L</i>	<i>\$3,500</i>
	<i>national</i>	<i>over 5,000,000 L</i>	<i>\$10,000</i>
	<i>contract</i>	<i>n/a</i>	<i>\$350</i>

#### Nomination

I: ..... a member of Cider Australia,  
 nominate the applicant for membership of Cider Australia.

Signature of proposer: ..... Date: .....

I: ..... a member of Cider Australia,  
 second the nomination of the applicant for membership of Cider Australia.

Signature of seconder: ..... Date: .....

#### Statement of application

On behalf of the above organisation, I: .....  
 Holding the position of: .....

hereby apply for membership of Cider Australia. I have read and understood the constitution of Cider Australia, and upon approval as a member, agree to be bound by those terms. Membership is not valid until Cider Australia has received and accepted this application.

Signature: ..... Date: .....

*Note: an invoice will be issued to the contact by email once this application has been processed and accepted.*



## Appendix 2

### Application for Associate Membership

Business name: .....  
Cider brand: .....  
Primary contact: .....  
Email: .....  
ACN/ABN: .....  
Postal address: .....  
Telephone: ..... Mobile: .....  
Location of cidery (if applicable): .....

---

#### Interest in cider industry

<i>Please tick</i>	<i>Your interest in cider</i>
	<i>supplier</i>
	<i>trade</i>
	<i>media</i>
	<i>other</i> .....

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#### Nomination

I: ..... a member of Cider Australia,  
nominate the applicant for membership of Cider Australia.

Signature of proposer: ..... Date: .....

I: ..... a member of Cider Australia,  
second the nomination of the applicant for membership of Cider Australia.

Signature of seconder: ..... Date: .....

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#### Statement of application

On behalf of the above organisation, I: .....  
Holding the position of: .....

hereby apply for membership of Cider Australia. I have read and understood the constitution of Cider Australia, and upon approval as a member, agree to be bound by those terms. Membership is not valid until Cider Australia has received and accepted this application.

Signature: ..... Date: .....

*Note: an invoice will be issued to the contact by email once this application has been processed and accepted. The annual fee for an Associate Membership is \$350.*



## Appendix 3

### Application for Individual Membership

Name: .....  
Email: .....  
Postal address: .....  
Telephone: ..... Mobile:.....

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Interest in cider industry: .....

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#### **Nomination**

I: ..... a member of Cider Australia,  
nominate the applicant for membership of Cider Australia.  
Signature of proposer: ..... Date: .....

I: ..... a member of Cider Australia,  
second the nomination of the applicant for membership of Cider Australia.  
Signature of seconder: ..... Date: .....

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#### **Statement of application**

I: .....

hereby apply for membership of Cider Australia. I have read and understood the constitution of Cider Australia, and upon approval as a member, agree to be bound by those terms. Membership is not valid until Cider Australia has received and accepted this application.

Signature: ..... Date: .....

*Note: the applicant will be contacted by email once this application has been processed and accepted.*